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It is the first time the old world ever got ahead of the United States in a sensation.

The meeting of Mr. Langley and Mr. Gebhardt would afford a glorious opportunity for an American newspaper interviewer.

It would have been a good thing if the earthquake had shaken the life out of cholera instead of killing so many poor Italians.

Mr. Neal Dow has been figuring again on how much the people in the United States spend for drink in a year. This time he makes it \$1,300,000,000.

The president having failed to catch a fish or to get even a bite in Florida waters, the country hopes that he will be more successful at Yellowstone. The southern fish do not seem to have any manners.

The democrats of Pennsylvania adopted the tariff plank of the Ohio democratic platform which is a sort of a compromise between free trade and protection. The democrats will always crawfish in a tight place.

The democrats are united on one thing only, and that is, the republicans must go out. The people will something to say about that, and next year, as in many years past, will disappoint the democracy.

Ex-Senator Tabor, of Colorado, is still reaping notoriety. He, in connection with General Grant's son, U. S. Jr., has been sued for ten million dollars in the supreme court of New York, for selling a man on fraudulent representations as to its value.

Lord Benet, whose everyday name is George Montagu, has come all the way from England to experience the pleasure of shooting a buffalo on the plains. If the object of his visit was to go to Arizona and tackle an Apache, Lord Benet would have received the honors of the American people.

The report comes from St. Louis that Mr. Joe McCullagh, editor of the Globe-Democrat, will recover. This will please thousands of people in all parts of the country. McCullagh is too bright a man to die so young. The only bad thing that can be brought against him is that he invented the newspaper interview.

With the coming of each day comes the news of some fatal disaster—the alarming sacrifice of human life. This latest is from Massachusetts, where in a train collision, seven men were burned to death. The year has already a black record—the blackest in the history of any year—and yet it is scarcely more than half finished.

Mr. Eugene Field, who, for some years has been the humorist on the Denver Tribune, has left that paper, and has accepted a position on some paper in Chicago. It is evident that the Chicago Tribune doesn't contain any evidence of the touch of Mr. Field's genius for humor.

According to the report of the United States land commissioner at Washington, eight million acres of government land was taken up by settlers in Dakota last year, and as no person can take more than 320 acres, this means that not less than 25,000, and more probably 35,000 homesteads located in Dakota during the fiscal year ending June 30, 1883, upon government lands alone, without taking into calculation the millions of acres sold from the railroad land grants.

The teachers' institutes for the present season will be held in the several districts of the state as follows:

Kenosha, Walworth, Aug. 13.
Walworth, Elkhorn, Aug. 27.
Waukesha-Waukesha, September 2.
Rock, 26th, Fredonia, September 10.
Dodge, Jefferson, September 17.
Washington-West Bend, August 13.
Ozaukee—Port Washington, August 24.
Racine-Burlington, August 26.
Milwaukee—West Allis, August 29.
Sheboygan—Sheboygan Falls, August 20.
Jefferson—Jefferson, August 27.

This work will be under the charge of the Normal regents. Teachers interested in these institutes should remember the dates and places.

The last spike in the Northern Pacific railway will be driven during the first week in September, and President Arthur has been invited to be present. Other engagements will prevent him from accepting the invitation, and therefore he has requested Mr. Teller, secretary of the interior, to represent him on that important and interesting event. Should Mr. Teller be unable to attend, he has been authorized by the president to select some one to represent the government on that occasion.

The result of the telegraphers' strike is more uncertain than ever. Things are very quiet, and the longer a settlement is delayed the better is the condition of the telegraph company to endure the strike. Some of the operators are returning to their work under the necessity of providing money for their families, and these with the great number of raw recruits the company has gathered in, give it somewhat the advantage. But however, the telegraphic service is not first rate, and in some places much complaint is made, but whether Jay Gould will hold his position against the opposition of 15,000 operators and a strong public sentiment, is a question.

Mr. George Tickner Curtis has taken the time to write the life of James Buchanan. If Mr. Curtis knew how to

husband his time, he never would have written the life of Buchanan. The latter was a very successful man in some regards, but he was a man of weak conscience, and his feeble and cowardly wretchedness with treason in 1860-61 brought upon him dishonor. When treason stared him in the face, when rebellion was festering in the south, when the nation was threatened with civil war, and when he could have crushed all by the power of his mighty office, and thus saved the nation from the deadly conflict and the terrible slaughter of life, he was too weak and too cowardly to assert his authority. He so lacked statesmanship and patriotism that there are but few democrats now who will boast that they voted for James Buchanan in 1860.

There was considerable excitement created in New York a few days ago by the report that a cargo of rags from Egypt would soon reach that city. It was feared that the rags contained germs of cholera, and therefore the disease would be spread by the landing of the cargo. But the firm in New York to whom the rags were consigned, avowed that there is no possible danger of infection as they were baled and stored in Alexandria, a city free from contagion, long before the first case appeared in Damietta; and they also say that their agents in that country would be as loth to handle or pack rags that had been exposed to infection as the firm in this country would be to receive them. The cargo protested against cleared from Alexandria May 15.

HOW TO IMPROVE THE JURY SYSTEM.
There is again a renewal of the discussion as to how the jury system can be improved so that justice will be more frequently meted out than it is now. The sentiment of the people and the progressive spirit of the time, are against the principle of a unanimous verdict. In thousands of cases it works harm, and it rarely ever promotes justice. Then again, some provision should be made for the progress of a case when one of the jurors shall have been taken sick or when one of the number shall have been removed by death. It has been the experience in this country time and time again, that all that has been gained by a long trial has been sacrificed through the sickness or the death of a juror before the trial was concluded. In cases like these there has been a waste of both time and money, besides the failure to administer justice. Important criminal trials are usually long, and always expensive to the state and the accused. They are generally prolonged through weeks and months, before the end is reached. It would be remarkable if the twelve jurors, promiscuously taken from the people, should always escape death or a long session of sickness, during many of these protracted trials. It would be still more extraordinary if they should uniformly agree in their verdict. Yet, unless this improbable result is reached, a unanimous verdict is returned by the twelve men who first entered the jury box, the trial is a failure, the time and money spent on it are thrown away, and the accused is left to suffer the law's unnecessary delay, in spite of the constitutional guarantee which entitles him to a speedy trial. This feature of the administration of justice, which is a relic of an age when the law was an absolute state, has been suffered to remain without change in England and the United States for at least four centuries, notwithstanding the objections to it have been forcibly shown by publicists, and its mischievous results amply illustrated by experience.

The jury system which now exists in this country, and in England as well, is an anomaly in modern law. When we look about us we see that other branches of jurisprudence have grown and developed with the advances of intelligence and have kept pace with the march of the spirit of progress; but the jury system has been slumbering for generations, and no special effort is made by the brilliant and eminent jurists of other countries or England, to wake it up and give it life. In the number of jurors, the mode of their selection, the necessity of a unanimous verdict by the twelve originally impaneled, and in other respects, it has been for centuries the same crude, unwieldy, uncertain institution for dealing with all criminal wrongs, without distinction as to their degree or nature. Whether the accused is charged with a petty offense or the blackest crime known to the law, whether the determination of the question of guilt or innocence requires the highest degree of intelligence and special qualifications, or merely the intellectual requirements of the "average juror," are distinctions of which the system takes no cognizance.

When all things are taken into account, especially the fact that reading of an intelligent account of either a civil or a criminal case before the trial is had disqualifies a man from sitting on a jury, it is no wonder that the Milwaukee Sentinel and other papers go so far as to favor the abolition of the present jury system. It is very strange indeed if the nineteenth century is not wise enough to frame a jury system that is better in all respects than the crude system established three or four hundred years ago.

There is such a general disgust with the jury system which unfortunately sticks by us, and which is plainly such an inconvenient and a bad joke, that judges and lawyers should move together in the effort to make that system an honor to the time and to our civilization.

ATTEMPTED MURDER AND SUICIDE.
St. Louis, Aug. 1.—Peter A. Menconi, a tailor, attempted to kill his wife and then commit suicide, but the pistol he used was so small that the wounds he inflicted were not mortal. Both are in the city hospital, but much hurt. Jealousy was the cause of the act.

A BAY CITY MYSTERY.
BAY CITY, Mich., Aug. 2.—The bodies of five dead infants were found in a privy vault in the rear of McCormick's block. The matter will be thoroughly investigated.

Enterprising local agents wanted in this town for an article that is sure to sell, two druggists and grocers preferred. Address, Huston's Food Preservative Co., 72 Kirby street, San Francisco.

Dyspeptic, nervous people, "out of sorts," COLDEN'S LIQUID LIVER TONIC will cure. Ask for Colton's.

FRIGHTFUL DISASTER.

Six Men Lose Their Lives in a Railway Collision—One Victim Imprisoned and Roasted.

An Operator's Neglect to Obey Orders and Its Results—The Loss in Money.

NORTH ADAMS, Mass., Aug. 2.—Two freight cars on the Troy & Boston road were in collision between Petersburgh Junction and Poultney, Vt. Several men were killed. The collision was caused by the neglect of T. W. Johnson, telegraph operator at Petersburgh Junction, to obey orders of the train dispatcher to stop one train at his station. One train had forty-five cars, and the other twenty-five. The engines were driven into each other and fifty cars derailed and piled on top of each other, while some cars fell into Hoosick river. The wreckage immediately took fire.

About five minutes after the crash, a passenger train with four cars, all filled was due, and the brakeman, with his hands, face, and head bleeding, went out and flagged it. The trainmen and passengers at once set about rescuing the unfortunate men under the freight train, but it was so hot that they could do little.

CHARLES MARION, of Troy, engineer of freight No. 1; John Barrett, of North Adams, conductor of freight No. 6; Mark Sullivan, conductor of train No. 6; Fred Culkins, brakeman of train No. 6; Thomas Lane, brakeman of train No. 1; H. Bruce, of Poultney, operator of the Troy & Greenwich road at the state line.

The groans of the men were heard from under the wreck, but owing to the fire they could not be reached, and were burned. Two coal engines arrived in the afternoon, and the flames were extinguished. Search then began for the bodies. Under the ruins of engine No. 6 were found the skull, ribs, arms and bones of the extremities, all that remained of the body of Charles Marion. The debris was not cleared away sufficiently to allow further search, but from present indications nothing else was found of the men but their charred bones. There were eleven men on the train. Mack Sutherland, engineer of No. 1, said to his brakeman, "I will jump in a minute, you go along." He was never seen again. His fireman, George Vince, escaped with a few slight bruises. Conductor George Warner jumped and injured his knee. It is thought all but Marion were killed immediately. He hid under the engine, and could be plainly seen. He asked a farmer nearby to get him out, and the farmer went for a bar, but when he returned the fire was so hot, and had spread so rapidly he could not effect a rescue. A number of subsequent attempts were made to reach him, but without avail. It will be impossible to identify the bodies, and all bones will probably be gathered up and interred together with union services.

OPERATOR JOHNSON, who is responsible for the accident, is 17 years of age, and had been on duty all night, and at 5 o'clock in the morning had not been relieved, owing to the carelessness of A. C. Hong, station master. Johnson had orders to flag these trains and have them pass at Petersburgh junction, and forgot to do it. He set up an instrument on the ground near the scene of the accident, and sent and received messages.

EXPRESS TRAIN WRECKED.

BOSTON, Mass., Aug. 2.—A special to The Journal from Newport, Vt., says the express train on the Southeastern railroad from here to Montreal was derailed three miles from North Troy, and the whole train wrecked.

Two parlor cars, one baggage car, and one passenger car and a new engine were made a complete wreck.

A lady from Derby was fatally injured,

and some fourteen others seriously hurt.

Four of the injured were brought over to New York and others to Newport Center and North Troy.

Everything is being done by the railroad company for the sufferers. There were fifty passengers.

THE NATIONAL DEBT.

A Reduction of \$8,000,000 During July.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 2.—Mr. John C. Cannon, clerk of the committee on ways and means, has furnished the following analysis of the public debt statement for July: The close of the first month of the new fiscal year shows a reduction in the public debt since July 1 of \$8,000,000, in round numbers. This reduction, however, is not real in the sense that obligations to the amount named have been discharged, the debt columns showing no change worth noticing since the beginning of the month. The reduction is produced by the payment of about \$8,000,000 for accrued interest, and an increase of about \$8,000,000 available cash balance, which is now \$283,727,906. The treasury has now nearly \$283,000,000 in gold coin and gold bullion, an increase during the month of nearly \$5,000,000. Against this gold fund there is outstanding \$69,000,000 of gold certificates, an increase of \$26,000,000 for the month. The accumulation of standard silver dollars in the treasury goes steadily forward, the number of these pieces now holding over \$1,000,000,000, against which there is outstanding nearly \$74,000,000 in certificates. Including \$89,000,000 of fractional currency the weight of the silver coin now in the treasury is 5,094 tons.

DADS ARE BEING KILLED.

CINCINNATI, Aug. 2.—The Engineers special correspondent with the presidential party telegraphs: When Laramore was reached the train stopped, and Gov. Blaine, apologizing for the president, introduced Secretary Folger. Mr. Folger remarked: "This state is known to us as being lavish in its production of beautiful women, brave men and fast horses. We wish you all every happiness." The president now appeared, very unexpectedly, and was greeted with enthusiasm. He said that Secretary Folger had covered the case in his brief speech, and he could only add that he was glad to see them all. Bound to trot over the whole show, the governor brought Secretary Lincoln forward. As the name was mentioned a colored man, throwing up his hat, yelled out: "Dad's the man! Dad's Ole Abe's soul!" Gravity was out of the question, and there was a tremendous laugh, in which the president was compelled to join in spite of himself. Whatever Secretary Lincoln would have said was lost to the world, as the train pulled out.

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A BAY CITY MYSTERY.

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COLDEN'S LIQUID LIVER TONIC.

ENTERPRISING LOCAL AGENTS WANTED IN THIS TOWN FOR AN ARTICLE THAT IS SURE TO SELL, TWO DRUGGISTS AND GROCERS PREFERRED. ADDRESS, HUSTON'S FOOD PRESERVATIVE CO., 72 KIRBY STREET, SAN FRANCISCO.

DYSPEPTIC, NERVOUS PEOPLE, "OUT OF SORTS," COLDEN'S LIQUID LIVER TONIC WILL CURE. ASK FOR COLTON'S.

THE OPERATOR'S STRIKE.

Western Union and Railroad Officials Say the Big is up With the Strike—The Men Continue Firm.

CHICAGO, Aug. 2.—"This case of strike is getting itself a great deal faster than we could ever reasonably hope for," said the Western Union superintendent. "The best evidence that we have fully recovered from the strike is the fact that all lines subject to today have been altered take it down all over the country. It seems impossible to offer any further evidence, and for the life of me I cannot imagine why the strikers will not confess their defeat. The leaders know well enough that their grand is up, and the sooner the crowd is made to see the situation as it is the better off they will be another week and only a small proportion of them will be able to obtain work. We could have removed the notices in this city several days ago, but wanted to be on the safe side. We have the New York, Cleveland, St. Louis, Milwaukee and St. Paul wires manned by strictly first-class operators. Business on "change is handled with perfect ease, and our Wheatstone system is just about as near perfection as it can be."

The superintendent said three more operators had returned to work and a number of others had written saying they were ready to come back.

It is pretty generally understood that the railway operators on the Gould roads will be ordered out in a few days. The railway men say such a move will not benefit the strikers.

THE UNIONISTS.

The strikers are still firm and hold their regular meetings at which they have reports of an encouraging nature from all points and do not seem at all inclined to weaken.

FROM NEW YORK TO SAN FRANCISCO.

NEW YORK, Aug. 2.—Certificates of incorporation of the Exchange Telegraph company were filed. The line is to run from this city to San Francisco. Capital stock \$2,000,000.

The situation of the telegraphers' strike is about the same. There are rumors of an important movement soon to occur on the part of the strikers, but nothing can be learned regarding it. Business is apparently going on smoothly at the Western Union. All the operators paid off were at work. The strikers who desire money were paid off by the brotherhood.

MORE OPERATORS GO OUT.

DETROIT, Mich., Aug. 2.—The operators in the Mutual Union office at Grand Rapids, in obedience to orders from the executive committee of the brotherhood, left their instruments. The railroad operators, about forty in number, also received orders not to do any commercial business.

WE WILL MAKE PRICES ON

DRY GOODS

AND

MILLINERY

TO SATISFY ANY ONE.

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THE GAZETTE.

THURSDAY, AUGUST 2.

KEYSTONE DEMOCRATS.

Ticket Nominated and Platform Adopted—Pattison Endorsed.

HARRISBURG, PA., Aug. 1.—The Democratic state convention assembled at 10:15, and was called to order by Chairman Hensel in a few remarks. The list of delegates was called, and for the first time in many years no-contested seats were announced. Robert E. Wright, of Lehigh county, was chosen temporary chairman by acclamation, together with the necessary officers for the transaction of the preliminary business.

A resolution that the committee on credentials, permanent organization, and resolutions consist of one delegate from each congressional district, was adopted, and the convention adjourned until 2 p.m.

When the convention reassembled, Robert E. James as permanent president, and the customary vice presidents and secretaries were selected. Upon taking the chair Mr. James paid a very high and eloquent tribute to the Democratic party, which he claimed was instrumental in redeeming the state from the inquiry into which it had fallen for years past. The duty of the party, he said, was not nearly finished. It might take two, yes, perhaps ten years, but it would be accomplished by faithful performance in the future, as in the past year. Governor Pattison was highly endorsed, and, in closing, Mr. James beseathed all members of the party, and those who desired the accomplishment of the best ends to stick to the Democratic party, through whose exertions it could be accomplished. Chairman Hensel's work of the last campaign was given particular notice, and the audience was enthusiastically applauded.

The following persons were placed in nomination for auditor general: W. Hayes Grimes, Lancaster; John Swan, Allegheny; George R. Goss, Chester; Jacob Zeigler, Butler; Robert Tannay, Warren; J. K. Duff, Allegheny; J. L. Brown, Elk; Robert J. Nicholson, Jefferson; William N. Hirtz, Philadelphia; J. P. McKeever, Armstrong.

The first ballot resulted in complimentary votes to the different candidates. Taggart and Ziegler gained on the second ballot, and on the third there was a regular rally for the former, and Taggart was nominated by a vote of 163 to 77. The nomination was made unanimous.

The following names were then presented as candidates for state treasurer: Thomas McReynolds, Bucks; Joseph Powell, Bradford; McColl, Schuykill. On the first ballot Powell received 123 votes; McReynolds, 119; McColl, 81; Mackin, 53. The second ballot resulted in the selection of Powell, by receiving 275 votes. The nominees were presented to the convention, and in short speeches accepted the nomination.

Chairman Hensel then addressed the convention on the platform, after which the convention adjourned sine die.

The platform begins with the following preamble: The Democracy of Pennsylvania, true to the fundamental faith of their party, reassert their belief in the strict construction and rigid enforcement of the federal constitution. They uphold the sanctity of personal liberty, the security of private property, and the rights of local self-government. They believe in the genuine and deep-reaching civil service reform, which consists in the election to office of honest, intelligent, capable, and courageous public servants,

who will faithfully administer their trusts, and who will be held to a strict accountability for such discharge of it, and who will redeem and purge the departments of the general government from corruption and fraud with which they have been permeated under Republican rule, and which that party has shown itself unable and unwilling to eradicate.

They believe in such taxation of the people as is requisite for the necessities of the government, economically administered, and that import duties should be so adjusted in their application as to prevent unequal burdens, and to encourage productive industries at home, and afford just compensation to labor, but not to create or foster monopolies. They denounce the proposition of the Republican party that the people should be taxed to raise a surplus fund for the Federal government to distribute among states. The people should only be taxed so much as is absolutely indispensable for the frugal conduct of their affairs, and not 1 cent for surplus and no unnecessary taxation. The existing surplus in the treasury should be faithfully applied to the payment of the public debt. The money not needed for the expenses of the government should remain in the pockets of the people. To this end we favor the entire abolition of the present system of internal taxation as a measure of relief demanded by the people from an unnecessary and unequal burden. They demand that the government should redeem all its express and implied obligations as to coinage; that it shall maintain and defend the rights of American citizens at home and abroad. They insist on reserving public funds for actual settlers, not another acre for corporations. And they further declare that—

1. The administration of Governor Pattison has vindicated the pledge of reform upon which it was elected, and his upright, intelligent, and courageous exercise of the executive power deserves the unqualified approbation of his party and of the people of the country.

It then congratulates the state upon the real reforms accomplished by the Democratic house of representatives; endorses the demand of the Democratic senators for honest, just and true apportionment, and commends the governor for calling an extra session; calls for the enforcement of the constitutional provisions regulating corporations; endorses the action of the legislature in passing laws protecting honest workmen from the composition of convict labor; expresses sympathy with labor in its efforts to better its condition, and endorses arbitration as a means to settle disputes between labor and capital; calls for a revision of the tax laws.

"Zadkiel's" Prophecy.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 2.—The Star says the Pennsylvania railroad train, on which the president was a passenger, had just left the Gunpowder bridge, some sixteen miles north of Baltimore, on its way south, when there came crashing through the plate-glass window of the private car of President Roberts, of the railroad company, in which President Arthur was seated, a stone nearly as large as an egg, which struck the flag-man, Charles Sparks, on the left cheek. The president at the time was about midway in the car, some feet behind where Mr. Sparks was sitting, the president's messenger "Aleck" being between them. Perhaps this will be claimed as the fulfillment of the prediction of Zadkiel, the London astrologist, for July, which reads: "The president of the United States will be in personal danger at the latter part of the month, and should take precautions accordingly."

The Icicle Horror.

NAPLES, Aug. 1.—King Humbert decided that the search for the victims of the earthquake shall continue. Six more persons have been rescued. Another shock was felt in the afternoon, but no damage was done. Owing to the effluvia from decomposing remains to all but the soldiers have ceased searching for bodies.

Many times you want to keep meat or fish for several days. Lay it in a solution of Rex Magnus over night and you can keep it for weeks. You can also keep milk a week or more by stirring in a little of the "Snow Flake" brand.

There is more strength restoring power in a bottle of Parker's Ginger Tonic than in a bushel of malt or a gallon of milk. This explains why invalids find it such a wonderful invigorant for mind and body.

For the strength restoring power in a bottle of Parker's Ginger Tonic, see page 10.

PRESIDENT ARTHUR.

Opening of the Louisville Exposition

...The President's Speech.

Louisville, Ky., Aug. 2.—Accompanied by Major B. Dupont, president of the southern exposition, and the reception committee, President Arthur emerged from the private entrance of the Gulf house at 11 o'clock a.m., and, entering a carriage drawn by four team of bay horses, was drawn with his entourage to the exposition. The escort consisted of the Louisville Legion, four deep, commanded by Col. Castleton and Maj. Speed, in full dress. A detachment of thirty-two police in full dress marched in front, and in front of them rode eight mounted police. The seventh regiment band followed just behind the police. The carriages containing the remainder of the president's party and other distinguished visitors.

The procession moved down Main street to Fourth street, and on Fourth directed to the exposition, entering at the eastern main entrance.

The president was conducted to a stand erected in the centre of the building facing the grand organ, and the choir of 500 voices. As the president mounted the stand he was greeted by cheer after cheer from the crowd around the central part of the main building and the galleries above.

After prayer, offered by Dr. Perkins, rector of St. Paul's church, Mayor Jacob delivered a speech of welcome to the president. At the conclusion of this speech Governor Blackburn introduced the chief magistrate of the country, who responded as follows.

THE PRESIDENT'S SPEECH.

FELLOW CITIZENS.—I count myself fortunate in living within the borders of this beautiful city of the south on a day which must be henceforth memorable in her history. For a great undertaking, an undertaking of national interest and importance, has here now opened its doors, and I congratulate the officers and managers of this enterprise that, at every threshold of its existence, it gives undying pledges of success.

The zeal and enthusiasm which they have displayed in their labors of preparation and the frequent tidings of encouragement and cheering with which these labors have been lightened and made glad the diligent workers, the young, the aged, the weary and fatigued, and which are arranged within these walls;

the presence of the eager multitude that throngs its hospitable streets, all are tokens that your enterprise will be crowned with brilliant, far-reaching, and enduring success.

It will multiply the ends of industry, bettering the operation, and elevating its standards. It will meet new wants. It will disclose not only what is yet almost unexplored, and lead further to still more prompt and profitable development. In countless ways it will promote the arts of peace, proclaiming harmony, good will, and brotherly kindness throughout the land until to all the inhabitants thereof. I now declare that the southward extension is open, and may God speed the fulfillment of all the lofty andounding purpose.

As the president closed his remarks he raised up, and amid the deafening cheer of the crowd pulled a silk cord which descended to the stand, thereby opening the throat of the great Reynolds-Corbin engine, putting in motion all the engines in the machinery department. A chime of bells pealed forth, followed by the swell from the great organ, and the melody of 500 voices in chorus.

After spending a couple of hours in the exposition and the art gallery, the president and party were entertained by Mr. and Mrs. Dupont at their residence in the park adjoining the exposition building, and forming part of the grounds. He was then driven to the Gulf house, where he remained until 11 o'clock, when he and his party went to the Pendleton club rooms, where they dined. Afterward they were driven about the city to enjoy the decorations and illuminations, which are most excellent and profuse.

The Louisville Anglers' club presented President Arthur with a Meeks rifle of exquisite workmanship. The presentation was made informally in his private parlor, and the souvenir was received by him with a great deal of pleasure.

From his reception in the parlor, the dinner given him at the Gulf house by the exposition committee until now, everything has been done to the most informal manner. The opening of the exposition was a complete success in all respects, except that there is yet much unoccupied space, giving it a bare appearance. All the space has been taken, however, and the exhibits will all be in before September. The city is full of strangers, and the exposition promises to be all that its projectors have expected it would be.

M'DONALD.

The New York Sun Tells What His Defect is in His View.

NEW YORK, Aug. 2.—The Sun's Washington correspondent, after giving the history of the nomination by President Hayes of Stanley Matthews for the supreme bench, and stating that among Matthews' supporters was Joseph E. McDonald, continues:

"Garfield nominated Matthews on the 15th of March, 1881, for the same place. Mr. McDonald as senator had expired, but he was in Washington during a part of the executive session of the senate, and did his best to have Matthews confirmed. The nomination finally passed muster by one majority, procured through two false pairs, and by a bargain for the appointment of another judge."

"Mr. McDonald is an honorable man, and will not deny the part he took for Stanley Matthews, which was a source of regret to many friends. His defect as a public man is weakness in yielding to importunity, even when his own mind is morally opposed to the concession. Too much amiability, when duty demands sternness, is not the characteristic now needed in the White House. Mr. McDonald has many excellent qualities, but self-assertion does not shine out among them.

TEMPERANCE.

Annual Meeting of the Catholic Total Abstinence Union of America.

NEW YORK, Aug. 2.—The delegates to the Catholic Total Abstinence Union of America convention met in Brooklyn. This is the thirteenth annual convention, and delegates were present from all parts of the country.

After assembling the delegates proceeded to the cathedral, where solemn high mass was celebrated. Bishop Laughead made a brief address of welcome and encouragement.

The delegates, who numbered 500, preceded by a band of music and escorted by uniformed constables from Philadelphia, marched to their meeting hall, where the convention organized. Rev. Joseph B. Colter, of Winona, Minn., presided. The National Union, presided, and Philip A. Nolan, general secretary, recited.

CAREY'S SLAYER.

The Examination at Port Elizabeth—Protection of Officials in Ireland.

PORT ELIZABETH, Aug. 2.—The examination of O'Donnell for the murder of James Carey was resumed. The oldest son of Carey depos'd his father and O'Donnell had been on friendly terms throughout the voyage, and had often played cards. The case was remanded to enable the prisoner to return to the steamer Melrose as a witness.

Mrs. Carey says there was an Irishman named Kelly from Wexford on the steamer Kinfauns Castle, and her husband was suspicious of him.

Carney's son also depos'd he found a check for \$100 in his father's pocket after the shooting.

Mrs. Carey depos'd she was in an adjoining room when her husband was shot. She ran toward her, saying: "Maggie, I am shot; O'Donnell has shot me!" It was then O'Donnell, replyng to her question, said he had been sent to do it.

LONDON, Aug. 2.—It is reported that O'Donnell fled to America after the Fenian demonstration in 1867, and that he went to San Francisco in 1871 as a Fenian agent.

The press association reports that O'Donnell before embarking for Africa, boasted he had followed Mrs. Carey from Dublin.

James Carey was shot at 4 o'clock Sunday afternoon. The steamer Melrose, on which the shooting occurred, arrived at Port Elizabeth at 2 o'clock on Monday afternoon. The facts seem to show O'Donnell was outside colonial jurisdiction when he committed the crime, and must be tried in England.

DUBLIN, Aug. 1.—The special measures for the protection of officials connected with the Phoenix park murder trials have been resumed.

ANNUAL MEETING.

At an Austrian Watering-Piece.

It is astonishing what those who have lost their health, wealth, health, will endure to regain it. Here the most fastidious ladies, who would shudder at soiling their dainty shoes with the dirt of the street, sit, with the greatest equanimity, up to their elbows in a horrible looking, thick, black mess, not unlike lumpy tar, composed of soft mineral soap. This is the "moor" or "mud bath," so efficacious in rheumatism, gout, paralysis, nervousness, etc. A tub of clear mineral water is placed along side, into which the patient steps to be transformed again from black to white. In most cases, after a fatal trial, the greatest sufferers are blest with restored health and go on their way rejoicing.

Speak Right Up.

"Have tried Thomas Electric Oil for

croup and colds, and find it the best remedy I have ever used in my family." Wm. Lay, 510 Plymouth Ave., Buffalo, N. Y.

Sold by Palmer & Stevens and Sherer & Co.

A Clergyman's Testimony.

W. E. Gifford, pastor M. E. church, Bothwell, Ont., was for two years a sut-

for heart disease, weakness, general decline, etc., and feel like a new person."

CONDENSED NEWS.

The cholera is spreading among the British troops in Egypt.

Orrin Wheaton, a veteran of the war of 1812, died in Chicago, aged 90 years.

Members of Apollo commandery, K. T., of Chicago, are seeing the sights of Paris.

Babe Jones, the Pennsylvania colored boy murderer, has been sentenced to be hanged October 4.

The failure is announced of the Lancaster (Pa.) watch company. The directors say the suspension is only temporary.

Ex-President Hayes and other prominent men unite in a call for all persons interested in prison reform to meet at Saratoga Sept. 7.

The total collections from internal revenue during July were \$9,273,553, which is \$2,600,000 less than the total collections in July, 1882.

The king and queen of Spain have arrived at the royal palace. The sensational story that their majesties had quarreled is no longer believed.

A prominent treasury officer at Washington has received a telegram from Concord reporting a combination is being formed with a view of electing Colonel A. P. Howard United States Senator.

JAMES A. FATHERS

Corner Court and Main Streets, JANESEVILLE, WISCONSIN.

MANUFACTURER AND DEALER IN

Light and Heavy Harness

Saddles, Collars, Whips,

Brasses, Combs, Etc., Etc., Trunks, Vases and Ladies' Satchels, Lap Dusters, Nets and Horse Summer Clothing, cheap. Trunk repaired.

HARNESS, BLANKETS, Etc.

WM. SADDLER,

24 MILWAUKEE ST. JANESEVILLE (Open House Block)

A large stock of First Class Harness and Trunks on Hand at Lowest Prices.

HAIR GOODS.

MRS. WM. SADDLER,

EAST MILWAUKEE ST. JANESEVILLE (Open House Block)

Manufacturers and Dealer in Ladies' Hair Net and all Kinds of Human Hair Goods.

RESTAURANT.

Geo. W. SHAW,

RESTAURANT AND SALOON,

49 North Main St., JANESEVILLE, WIS.

Meals and Luncheons at all hours. The choicest Wines, Liquors and Beer. TODD'S PALM STOCK and PORTER on draught, exclusively.

FLATTERING CROP NEWS.

CHICAGO, Aug. 2.—Jungle games: Chicago 6, New York 4; Buffalo 5; Providence 1; Detroit 7; Philadelphia 1. In the game between Cleveland and Boston the former changed pitchers at the commencement of the sixth inning, and the Boston declined to play. The latter was referred to Secretary Young by the umpire. The score stood Boston 10, Cleveland 5. Other games: Atlantic 10, Allegany 2; Cincinnati 10, Columbus 2; Metropolitan 5, Baltimore 10.

With the largest and best assortment of

Crockery, Glass and China!

In Southern Wis. We fear no competition and are happy to inform the public that we have \$31 dozen Bohemian Bonanzas, and require none to sell our goods, as our stock is all new and fresh and we are accumulating a museum.

Printed Dinner Sets

at surprisingly low figures.

REFRIGERATORS

PROFESSIONAL CARDS.

E. F. CARPENTER, E. D. MCGOWAN,
CARPENTER & MCGOWAN,
Attorneys-At-Law,
JANESVILLE, WISCONSIN.
Office in Lappin's Block
July 17dawm

H. H. BLANCHARD,
Attorney-at-Law
MAIN STREET, SMITH'S BLOCK.
Attention given to Collection and to
Foreclosing Mortgages.
MONEY TO LOAN.

B. B. ELDREDGE,
Attorney-at-Law,
OFFICE
IN SMITH & JACKMAN'S BLOCK, JANES-
VILLE, WISCONSIN.
MONEY TO LOAN.
July 17dawm

Q. O. SUTHERLAND, M. D.,
Homeopathic Physician
And Surgeon.

OFFICE AND RESIDENCE NO. 3 FRANKLIN STREET
HOURS, 1 to 3 and 6 to 7 p.m.
July 17dawm

SWENK, DENTIST,
35 West Milwaukee Street, Janesville, Wis.
Work fully warranted; prices reasonable
July 17dawm

Charles M. Scanlan,
LAWYER,
JANESVILLE, WISCONSIN
WILL PRACTICE IN ALL THE COURTS OF
THIS STATE.—PENSION BUSINESS A
SPECIALTY.

OFFICE OPPOSITE THE POST OFFICE.
July 17dawm

T. J. JUDD,
DENTIST,
WILL EXTRACT TEETH, WITH OR WITHOUT
OUT GAS.

MYERS' BLOCK, WEST SIDE.
JANESVILLE, WISCONSIN.

B. T. SANBORN,
Physician and Surgeon.
OFFICE OPPOSITE POST OFFICE.
ALL CALLS WILL FIND ME AT MY OFFICE NIGHT
OR DAY, AND WILL BE ANSWERED PROMPTLY.
SPECIAL OFFICE HOURS FROM 2 TO 4 AND
7 TO 8 P.M.

DR. M. A. NEWMAN,
DENTAL SURGEON.
Office in Smith & Jackman's block, over Rock
County National Bank, Janesville, Wis. Practises
Dentistry in all his branches. Administers
nitrous oxide gas for the painless extraction of teeth.
July 17dawm

C. L. CLARK
HYZER & CLARK.
ATTORNEYS-AT-LAW
ROOM 8, BENNETT'S BLOCK
JANESVILLE, WISCONSIN
July 17dawm

GEO. H. McCAUSEY
SURGEON DENTIST
Office in Talman's block, opposite First Na-
tional Bank, Milwaukee Street, Janesville a
Wisconsin. Preservation of Natural Teeth a
specialty. Nitro-Oxide Gas administered for
the painless extraction of teeth.
July 17dawm

JANESVILLE
MEDICAL
AND
SURGICAL

INSTITUTE,
Corner of Bluff and Court Sts.
Opposite the Court House,
July 17dawm

For the Treatment of

Chronic,
Surgical,
Eye and Ear

Diseases

By the Latest and Most Approved Methods

known to the profession.

ELECTRICITY.

We are fully supplied with the finest Electric
Apparatus in use, which patients may use at
our electrical rooms or at their own houses.

INHALATION.

We use the New German Inhaler or Chemical
Atomizer, for the cure of Catarrh, Asthma,
Bronchitis, and all the diseases of the respiratory
organs.

MEDICATION.

Medical Preparations are prepared under
our own supervision, by an experienced phar-
macist, in such a manner as not to disagree with
the most sensitive stomach.

Diseases Peculiar to

Females

Treated carefully, skilfully and scientifically.

PRIVATE DISEASES.

(Acute and Chronic). Having had a large expe-
rience in this class of diseases, we can pro-
pose a cure in nearly all cases. Consultation strictly
confidential.

FILES treated by the Files Specific.

We treat all diseases of the Lungs, Heart,
Blood, Stomach, Liver, Kidneys, Bladder, Skin,
Nerves, etc.

Patients unable to visit our office may be
treated at their homes.

Address Box 1835. Consultation free
July 17dawm

Dr. Fishblatt,

Medical and Surgical Institute.

Cedar Rapids, Iowa.

No. 127 First Avenue, two doors west of
Van Buren street, four blocks from
depot, where he can always be
consulted.

—

Those who reside at a distance, desiring
a cure, prompt attention through the mail by
Dr. Fishblatt, will receive prompt and
adequate treatment.

—

Particular Notice.

If I address all those who have suffered
from the following diseases, you will be
surprised at the results.

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THE GAZETTE.

TUESDAY, AUGUST 2.

The Daily and Weekly Gazette can be found on sale at the bookstores of James Sutherland & Sons, and R. W. King.

LOCAL MATTERS

WANTED.—A few more boarders at corner of North Fourth and Bluff streets, second ward.

Rooms to rent, at 85 North Main street.

You can buy needles at the Wheeler and Wilson sewing machine room on Franklin street at 15 cents per dozen and a 3-ounce bottle of machine oil for 15 cents.

New ruchings at Mattie McCullagh & Co's.

A Westminster coal heating stove, nickel plated, been had one season, also a large variety of both heating and cooking stoves, at Sauborn & Canniff's.

Mattie McCullagh & Co. have a fine assortment of ladies' undergarments.

Go to Palmer & Steven's drugstore for Humphrey's Homeopathic Specific.

"Sudolycia" for rheumatism, at Pronto & Evanson's, opposite postoffice.

For your 50-cent and \$1.00 corset go to McKey & Bros.

The latest in mits, at Mattie McCullagh & Co's.

The best cigars, wines, whiskies, and liquors of all kinds at Croft & Whiton's.

Nice line of gloves and laces to be had at McKey & Bros.

Subscribers to the daily Gazette who are going out of town for a week or a month can have their papers forwarded to any address without extra charge.

Now is the time to have your upholstering done and mattresses re-picked and renovated, at very low prices, at R. H. Morris', opposite the opera house.

We will sell our line of lounges, easy-chairs, rockers, parlor suits, and mattresses at cost until the 25th of August, at the upholstering store of R. H. Morris, opposite the opera house.

Get Archie Reid's prices on silk, cashmere, dress goods, flannels, linens and all kinds of dry goods before buying elsewhere, you will save money by so doing.

McKey & Bros. are closing out their parcel stock at a big reduction.

Paris green, hellebore, and insect powder, at Prentiss & Evanson's drugstore.

Croft & Whiton keep fruit syrups for suds water also Saratoga water by the glass.

Smoke the "smacks" cigar.

Ladies—do not take our word for it but come and see for yourself that we have got the most elegant line of muslin and Nainsook embroideries and inscriptions of any house in the city.

J. M. BOSTWICK & SONS.

Insect poison, fly paper, Paris green, white hellebore, rat poison, chloride lime and copperas, at Croft & Whiton's.

Hair Insurance—Insure your tobacco against hair, with J. G. Saxe, his company does not make the farmer stand part of loss. Office Smith block.

Do not forget that Dimock & Hayner are now, with their solid old insurance companies, on the first floor next door east of the Rock county national bank.

Stearns & Baker still keep the lead on soda water.

Stodhart's buffalo meat the great health drink, at Palmer & Steven's drug store.

For a full line of parlor suits, easy chairs, etc., at lowest figures, call at W. H. Ashcraft's 22 West Milwaukee street.

The "smacks" brand of cigars have stood the test for over five years, and are pronounced by all to be the best 5 cent goods on the market.

The "smacks" cigars have won for themselves a state reputation, and are unequalled for quality. Ask for them.

Three piece floral sets 25 cents each, a Whellock's. New bird cages, filter \$6 decorated earthen bread plates 7 cents, novelties in glassware.

Get rid of your corns and warts by using one of Stearns & Baker's corn pencils.

Call at the Central carriage works on River street and examine their work, it can't be beat.

Working Men's lined pants, \$1.00; good cassimere suit \$4.50; all wool suit \$6.50; boy's suit \$2.00 at Chicago Store.

Smokers can learn something to their advantage by calling at Lincoln street's.

You can get bargains in good goods, at John Monaghan's on Main street.

Toweling 4 cents a yard; splendid curtain lace 25 cents per yard; parasols 15 cents to \$2.00; velvet ribbons, laces and embroideries at one half regular prices at Chicago Store.

N. K. Brown's Essene ginger at Prentiss & Evanson's, opposite postoffice.

If you wish to see something beautiful, go to Bostwick & Sons and examine the muslin embroideries just received by them.

If you wish to buy city property or Rock county farms, or sell city property or Rock county farms call on or communicate with H. H. Blanchard. Read his real estate ad in another column.

BRIEFLETS.

Jamesville Chapter No. 5, R. A. M., occupy Masonic hall this evening.

The military companies meet in their respective armories this evening for drill.

Rock River Encampment No. 3, I. O. O. F., meet in Odd Fellows hall this evening.

There was a large number of citizens out last night to hear the splendid music of the bands.

I. C. Brownell, the North Main street grocer, has a good supply of choice Georgia watermelons.

The Bower City band will give an open air concert in the court house park on Saturday evening.

There is one less canine in the city—some one dispached an unlicensed cur last evening, but by what means is not known, as there was no inquest held.

The humorously-inclined business men on West Milwaukee street had some fun this afternoon sending a green clerk from place to place on a "fool's errand."

The body of little Willie Hines, who was drowned on Tuesday noon, at Monterey, has not yet been recovered. Parties are watching for the body to come to the surface.

A heavy rain storm set in here last evening about nine o'clock and continued for nearly an hour. Considerable rain fell, which must have caught a good amount of barley oat and unprotected.

Rev. T. W. McLean, of Ypsilanti, Michigan, chaplain of the first regiment, and formerly rector of Trinity church in this city, telegraphs Adjutant Newman that he will endeavor to be in Jamesville during the encampment of the regiment.

The Rev. Dr. Henry Spaulding will, upon the urgent request of his many friends, remain in the city until the first of next week, and assist in the services at Christ church, Sunday, preaching both morning and evening. Services at 10:30 a.m. and 7:30 p.m.

For the information of all concerned, especially those who have so liberally contributed to the encampment fund of the first regiment, we are authorized to state that there is no Suster attached to the regiment, and that none will be allowed upon or near the camp ground.

A new plank walk is being laid on the high school grounds to-day. The authorities are also considering the question of replacing the old rotten fence by a new one, or removing it entirely, but have not yet arrived at any conclusion in the matter.

Only one hundred and seventy-five dog licenses issued at two o'clock this afternoon. Dog owners are coming forward very slowly just now, not one quarter of the curs in the city have been licensed. There will be a good chance for some one to practice shooting in a few days.

During the concert of the Bower City band on the corn exchange square last evening, some boy in the first ward sent up his fife, with a Chinese lantern attachment. The kite attained a great height, and the moving light in the dark heavens was eagerly watched by a large number of people.

The Rockford Gazette—"Quite a number of citizens from this city will go to our sister city, Janesville, and remain over Sunday, to witness the regimental encampment and the maneuvering of the soldiers in the same. Arrangements are all perfected, and if the weather continues pleasant, it will be one of the finest encampments in that state."

The remains of Merrit S. Darrow, who died in Evanson, Ill., on Sunday, were brought to this city at noon to-day, and taken from the cars direct to the cemetery for burial. The deceased was sixty-seven years of age, and resided for a long time in this city. The funeral party were not at the depot by a number of friends residing in this city, who accompanied them to the cemetery.

James Doherty, one of the members of a gypsy band encamped near Black Hawk, was arrested to-day, charged with swindling. He traded horses with one of our citizens, representing the horse to be perfectly sound, but which had been doctored for the occasion. He appeared before the municipal court, plead not guilty, and the trial was set for 9 o'clock to-morrow morning.

The young people's Guild of the Baptist church, will hold a social at the residence of William Payne, Esq., on the Magnolia road, near the city limits, to-morrow evening. An invitation has been extended to the church and society. Carravals will be run from the corner of Franklin and Milwaukee streets to accommodate those who have no other mode of conveyance. The fare will be ten cents each way.

We have been shown a copy of the Port-of-Spain Gazette, of a recent date, which contains a notice of the arrival in that port of the American Brigantine Cameo, John Neal, of this city, master. So many questions have been asked Captain Neal what he carries between New York and Trinidad, that the following from the Port-of-Spain Gazette, will interest his many friends in this city. The Cameo landed at Trinidad with the following cargo: 188 barrels of flour, 100 half do., 224 do. bread and crackers, 200 do. corn meal, 30 do. pork, 25 half do. beef, 50 cases lard, 350 do. kerosene oil, 50 do. matches, 40 boxes cheese, 25 do. crackers, 20 bags black-eye peas, 200 corn, 20 dozen brooms, 2 cartridges, 80 lbs. oil meal, 20 bundles shocks—Turnbull, Stewart & Co.

Personat.

—Roy H. Sewell, of Whitewater, was in the city to-day.

Colonel W. B. Britton is spending a few days at Geneva lake.

—Mr. A. E. Morgan, of Clinton, is in the city this afternoon, exhibiting the works of his Eureka fire escape.

—Misses Lizzie Inman and Lovida E. Hedditch, of Bradford, are spending a few days in the city visiting friends.

—Ex-Sheriff H. L. Skayle returned

home last evening from Mayville, Dakota, where he has been the past month, dealing in horses.

—County Clerk Morgan has returned from Lima, where he has been for a few days, superintending the building of the county court shed.

—Mr. Richard O'Donnell came up from Chicago last night, and is warmly greeted by his numerous friends. The report that he is the man that shot Carey, the informer, is a mistake.

—Mr. J. Shea, of Jamesville, is in the city to-day. He proposes to move his tailoring establishment to this city, and will occupy a store in the Lathrop block, Racine News.

—Mr. Hiram Bowen, formerly postmaster of this city, and now of Dakota, is in the city and will remain some time visiting friends. He is a guest of the Myers house.

—The Madison Journal, of last evening has the following: "Hon. James Sutherland, of Jamesville, is spending a few days in Madison, and found time this morning to make a pleasant and welcome call at the editorial rooms of the State Journal. He attends most of the proceedings of the Monroe Sunday school association and expresses himself as highly pleased therewith. He represents Jamesville as being remarkably prosperous at the present time, with a large amount of building and a lively trade."

THREE AWAY HIS CRUTCHES.

"Suford from rheumatism, so badly bad he has crutches, but threw them away after applying Thomas' Electric Oil to my limbs. I now feel better than I have for years." F. L. Gibbs, 590 Elm street, Buffalo, N. Y.

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GOVERNMENT TELEGRAPH.

What the New York Sun Thinks of Government Control of the Telegraph.

New York, Aug. 2.—The Sun, in editorial, says:

All the arguments offered by foolish persons in favor of a government telegraph service apply with equal force to a government butcher service. Everybody eats meat. Citizens who have never sent or received a telegraphic despatch in their lives patronize the butcher shops habitually. The profits of the business would be great; the prices charged by butchers are frequently excessive.

To public is more or less at the mercy of combinations to control the source of supply and make beasts of beef, pork and mutton. There is no doubt that by devoting the millions of acres of public land to grazing purposes, by entering on a great scale into the business of breeding, raising, and slaughtering the edible animals, and by organizing a system of distribution as efficient as that now provided for the distribution of the mails, the government could supply the citizens of the United States with meat of all kinds at prices considerably lower than those that now prevail. This would require forty or fifty thousand additional government employees. The last census enumerated about 12,000 traders in live stock, and about 35,000 dealers in produce and provisions. But with a force of 50,000 official butchers and butchers' assistants, selected by competitive examination, the government could probably cover the entire field and wherever a carrier service exists the roads, steaks, and cutlets could be delivered with the mails. Every consideration urged in support of the idea of a government telegraph applies with still greater force to a government undertaking bureau. Without exception, every man, woman and child now living in the United States will come sooner or later into the undertaker's hands. There is no industry now controlled by private enterprise which the government could with more propriety supply, or with a more equitable distribution of the benefits for which all in common would be taxed. There is a general impression that the prices now charged by the five or six thousand undertakers in the United States for their indispensable services are excessive, if not exorbitant; that they take advantage, in short, of the sad necessities of the public. Here, if anywhere, is a field for the extension of the functions of the government.

July 31st. M. C. SMITH.

Special bargains in dolmans, cloaks and ulsters now at Archie Reid's.</